

The High-Power Target Experiment

MUTAC Meeting

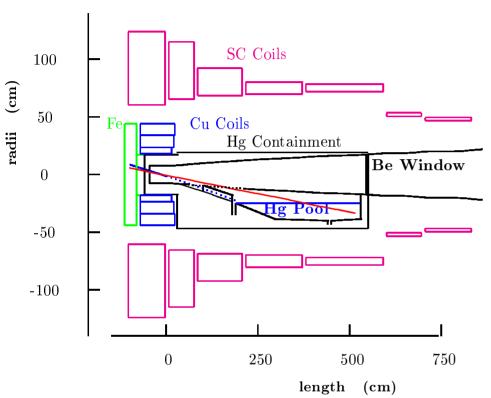
BNL

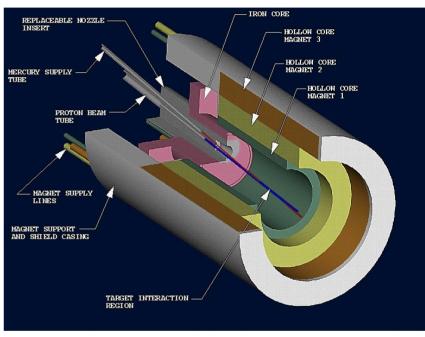
April 28, 2004





Neutrino Factory Targetry Concept





Capture low P_T pions in a high-field solenoid Use Hg jet tilted with respect to solenoid axis Use Hg pool as beam dump

Engineered solution--P. Spampinato, ORNL





High-Z Materials

Key Properties

- Maximal soft-pion production
- Both pion signs are collected
- •Liquid (Hg) has potential for extension beyond 4 MW

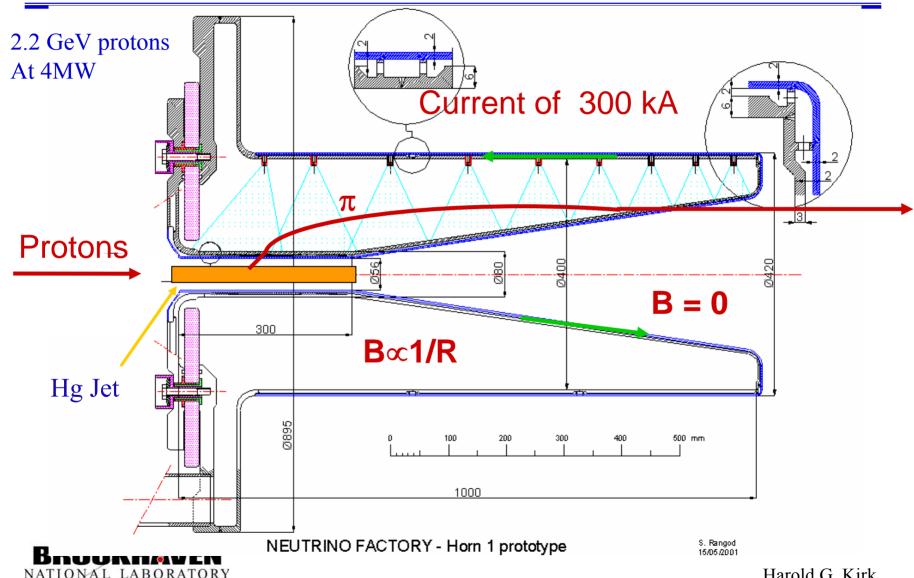
Key Issues

- High pion absorption
- High peak energy deposition
- •Jet dynamics in a high-field solenoid
- Target disruption in a high-field solenoid
- •Achievement of near-laminar flow for a 20 m/s jet



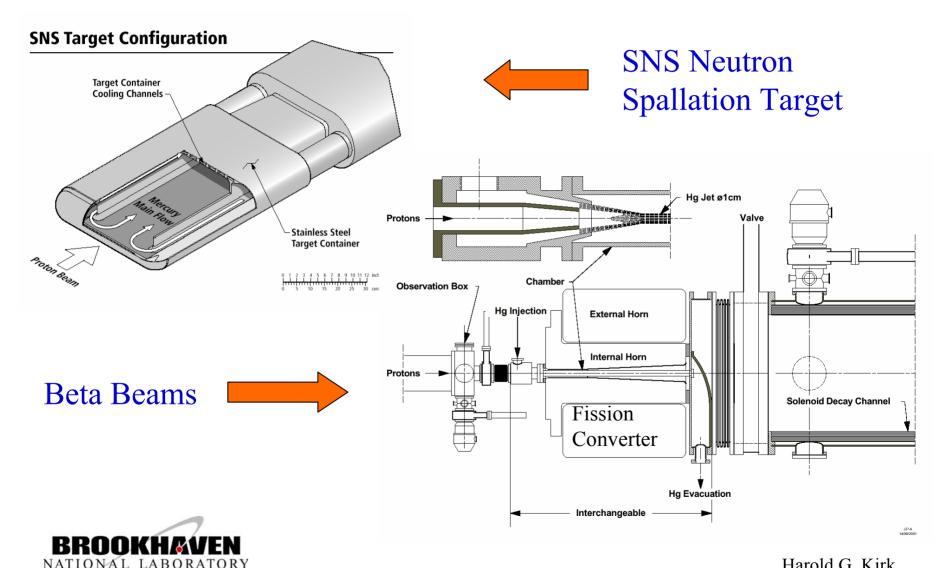


The SPL Neutrino Horn



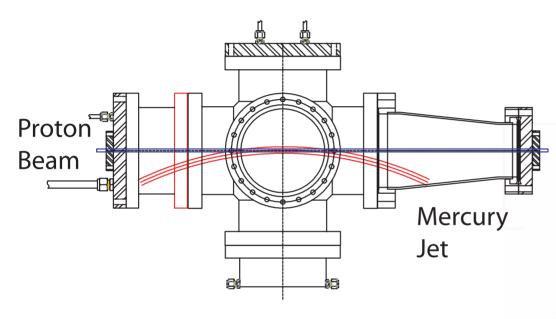


Neutron Production using Hg



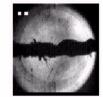


E951 Hg Jet Tests



- 1cm diameter Hg Jet
- V = 2.5 m/s
- 24 GeV 4 TP Proton Beam
- No Magnetic Field



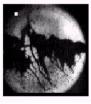


t = 0.75 ms



t = 2 ms





t = 7 ms

t = 18 ms





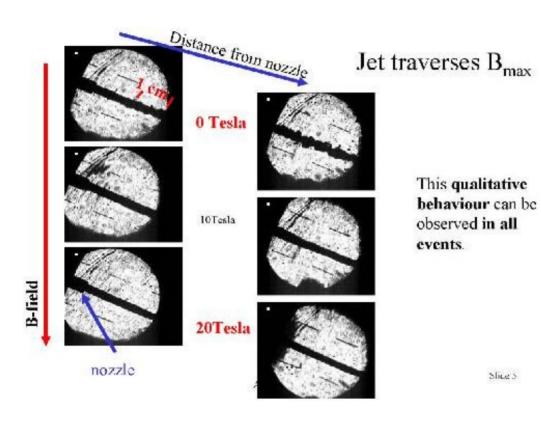
Key E951 Results

- Hg jet dispersal proportional to beam intensity
- Hg jet dispersal ~ 10 m/s for 4 TP 24 GeV beam
- Hg jet dispersal velocities $\sim \frac{1}{2}$ times that of "confined thimble" target
- Hg dispersal is largely transverse to the jet axis --longitudinal propagation of pressure waves is suppressed
- Visible manifestation of jet dispersal delayed 40 μs





CERN/Grenoble Hg Jet Tests



This qualitative behaviour can be observed in all

events.

- 4 mm diameter Hg Jet
- v = 12 m/s
- 0, 10, 20T Magnetic Field
- No Proton Beam

A. Fabich, J. Lettry Nufact'02

Slice's





Key Jet/Magnetic Field Results

• The Hg jet is stabilized by the 20 T magnetic field

•Minimal jet deflection for 100 mrad angle of entry

•Jet velocity reduced upon entry to the magnetic field





Bringing it all Together

We wish to perform a proof-of-principle test which will include:

- A high-power intense proton beam (16 to 32 TP per pulse)
- A high (≥ 15T) solenoidal field
- A high (> 10m/s) velocity Hg jet
- A ~1cm diameter Hg jet

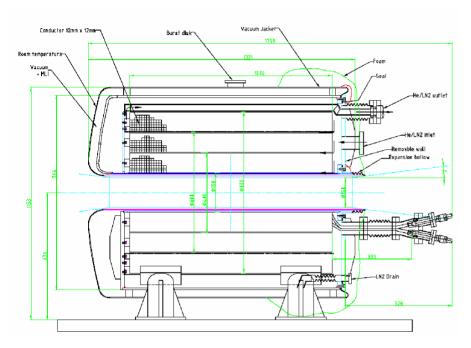
Experimental goals include:

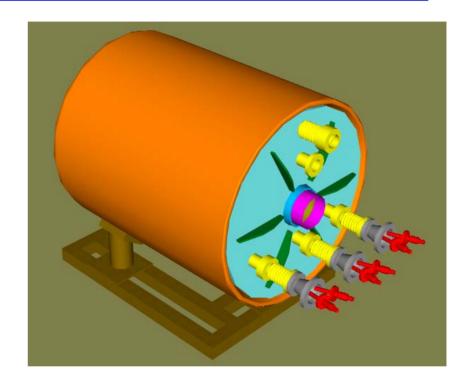
- Studies of 1cm diameter jet entering a 15T solenoid magnet
- Studies of the Hg jet dispersal provoked by an intense pulse of a proton beam in a high solenoidal field
- Studies of the influence of entry angle on jet performance
- Confirm Neutrino factory/Muon Collider Targetry concept





High Field Pulsed Solenoid





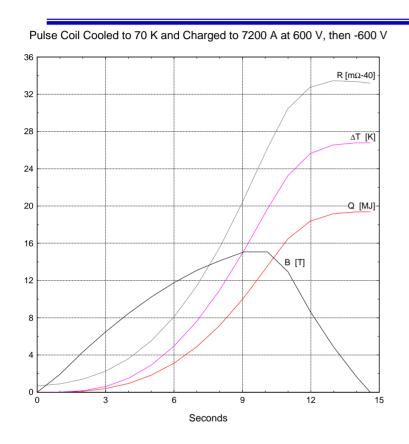
- 69° K Operation
- 15 T with 4.5 MW Pulsed Power
- 15 cm warm bore
- 1 m long beam pipe

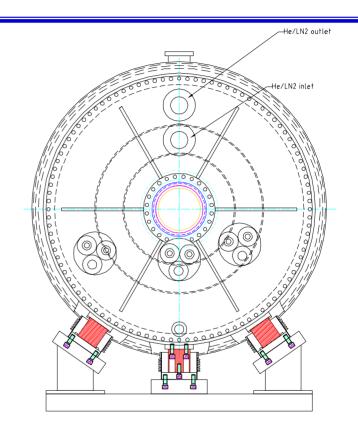
Peter Titus, MIT





Pulsed Solenoid Performance





15T Peak Field with 4.5 MVA PS at 69^o K





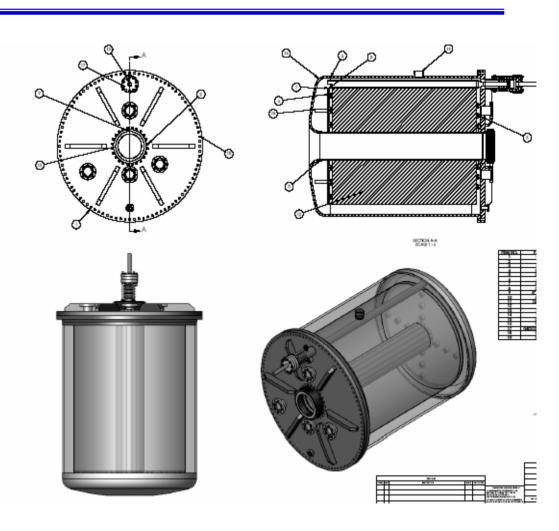
Fabrication Contract has been Awarded

CVIP has been awarded the contract for the pulsed solenoid.

They are responsible for the cryostat and integration of the coil package into the cryostat.

We are now receiving build-toprint drawings from CVIP for approval.

Scheduled delivery is Sept. 2004

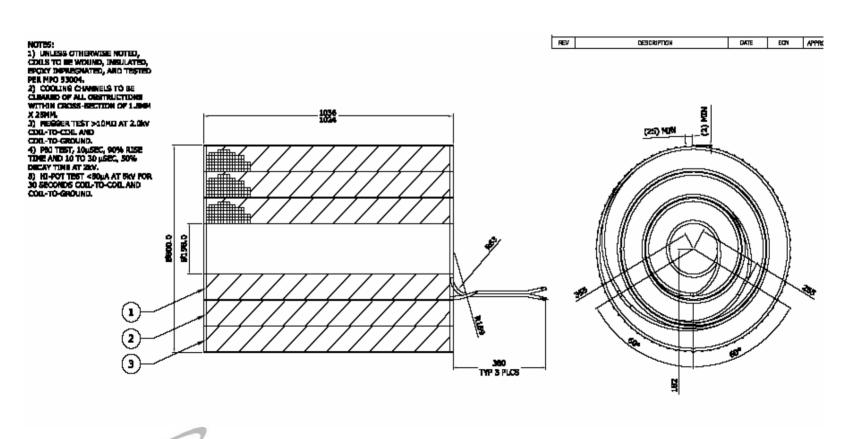






Coil Fabrication

Everson Tesla, Inc has been sub-contracted to fabricate the coils







Inner Coil Bend Test

Key Milestones

- Long lead item (copper conductor) has been ordered
- Bend test of copper stock with the specified hardness has been performed to the radius required for the inner coil set.







Possible Target Test Station Sites

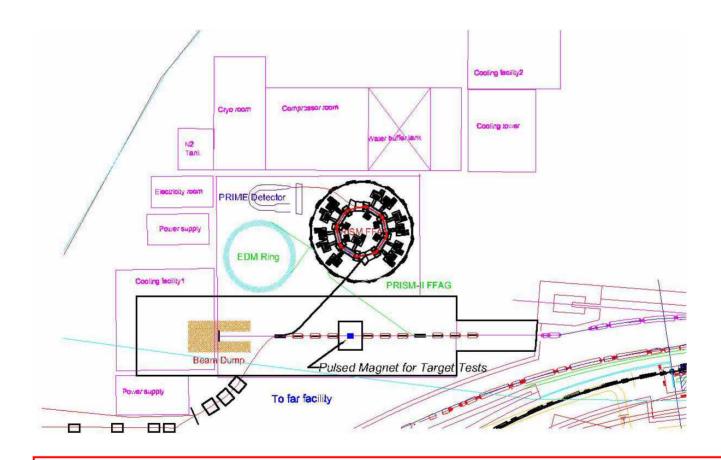
Accelerator Complex Parameters:

Parameter	BNL AGS	CERN PS	RAL ISIS	LANCE WNR	JPARC RCS	JPARC MR
Proton Energy, GeV	24	24	0.8	0.8	3	50
p/bunch, 10 ¹²	6	4 (7 CNGS)	10	28	42	42
Bunch/cycle	12	8	2	1	2	9
p/cycle, 10 ¹²	72	28 (56 CNGS)	20	28	83	300
Cycle length, µs	2.2	2.0	0.3	0.25	0.6	4.2
Availability (?)	07	06	06	Now	08	09





Possible Targetry Test at JPARC



Letter of Intent submitted January 21, 2003 – presented June 27, 2003





Proposal to Isolde and nToF Committee

CERN-INTC-2003-033 INTC-I-049 26 April 2004

A Proposal to the ISOLDE and Neutron Time-of-Flight Experiments Committee

Studies of a Target System for a 4-MW, 24-GeV Proton Beam

J. Roger J. Bennett¹, Luca Bruno², Chris J. Densham¹, Paul V. Drumm¹, T. Robert Edgecock¹, Tony A. Gabriel³, John R. Haines³, Helmut Haseroth², Yoshinari Hayato⁴, Steven J. Kahn⁵, Jacques Lettry², Changguo Lu⁶, Hans Ludewig⁵, Harold G. Kirk⁵, Kirk T. McDonald⁶, Robert B. Palmer⁵, Yarema Prykarpatskyy⁵, Nicholas Simos⁵, Roman V. Samulyak⁵, Peter H. Thieberger⁵, Koji Yoshimura⁴

> Spokespersons: H.G. Kirk, K.T. McDonald Local Contact: H. Haseroth

Participating Institutions

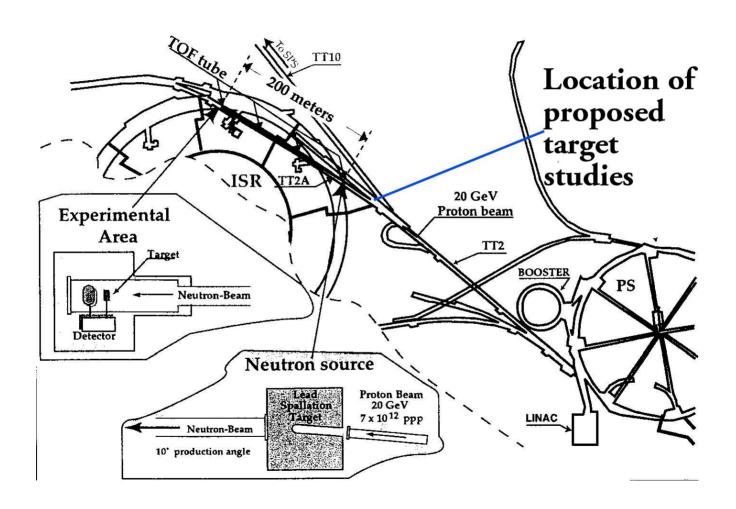
- 1) RAL
- 2) CERN
- 3) KEK
- 4) BNL
- 5) ORNL
- 6) Princeton University

Proposal submitted April 26, 2004





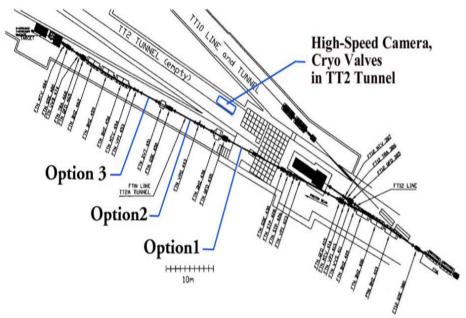
Target Test Site at CERN



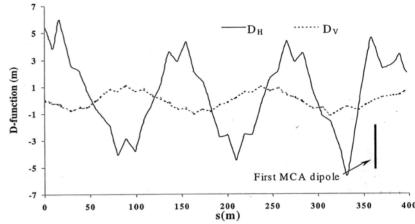


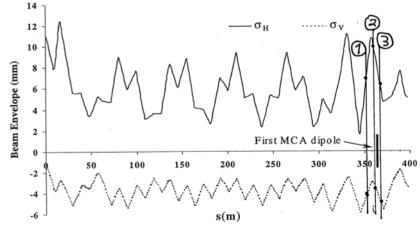


The TT2a Beam Line



We propose running without longitudinal bunch compression allowing for a reduced beam spot size of ~ 2 mm rms radius.

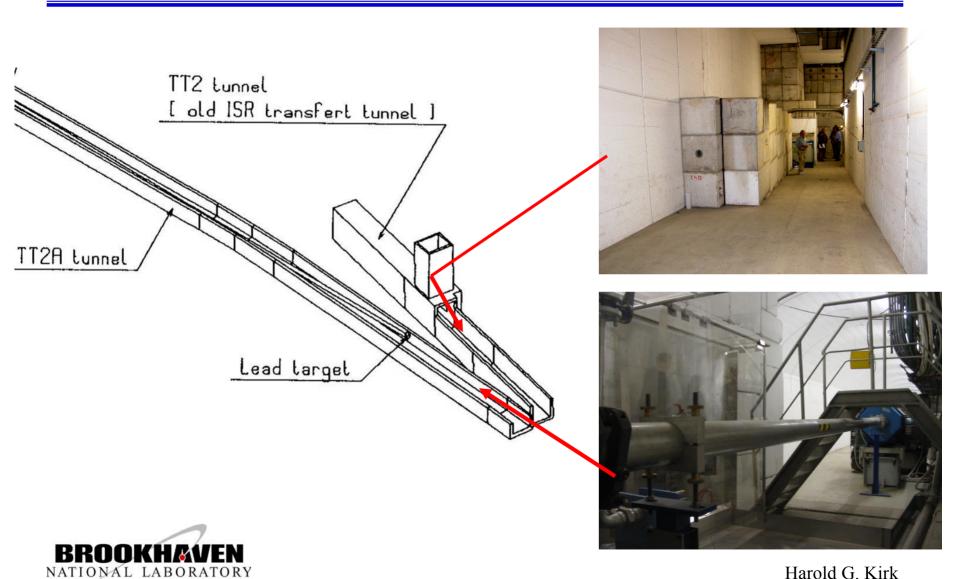








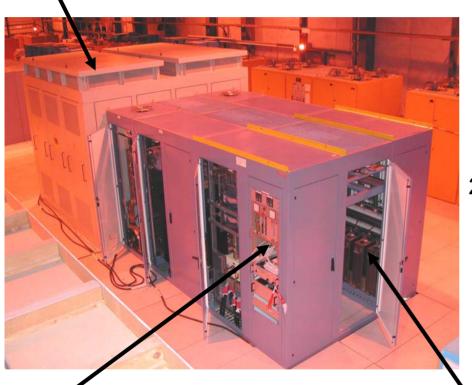
Experiment Location at CERN





CERN proposed power supply solution type ALICE/LHCb, rated 950V, 6500A

2 x Power transformers in parallel, housed in the same cubicle



Total DC output ratings: 6500Adc, 950Vdc, 6.7 MW

AC input ratings
(per rectifier bridge):

2858Arms, 900Vac (at no load), 4.5 MVA

Each power transformer ratings

Primary side: 154Arms, 18kVac Secondary side: 3080Arms, 900Vac

Nominal power: 4.8 MVA

Other

- Air forced cooling;- Fed by two18 kV lines

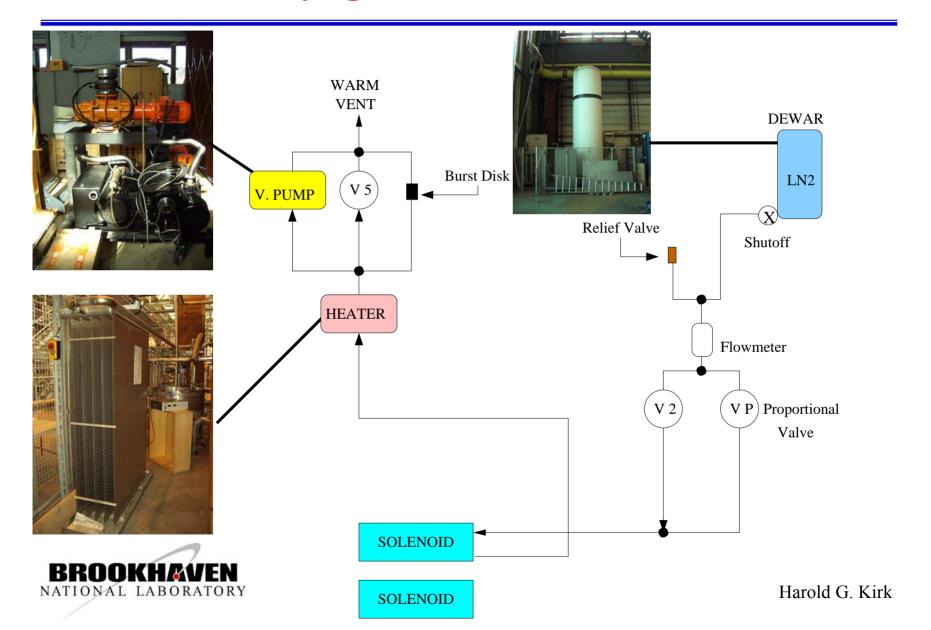
High precision current control electronics

2 x rectifier bridges in parallel



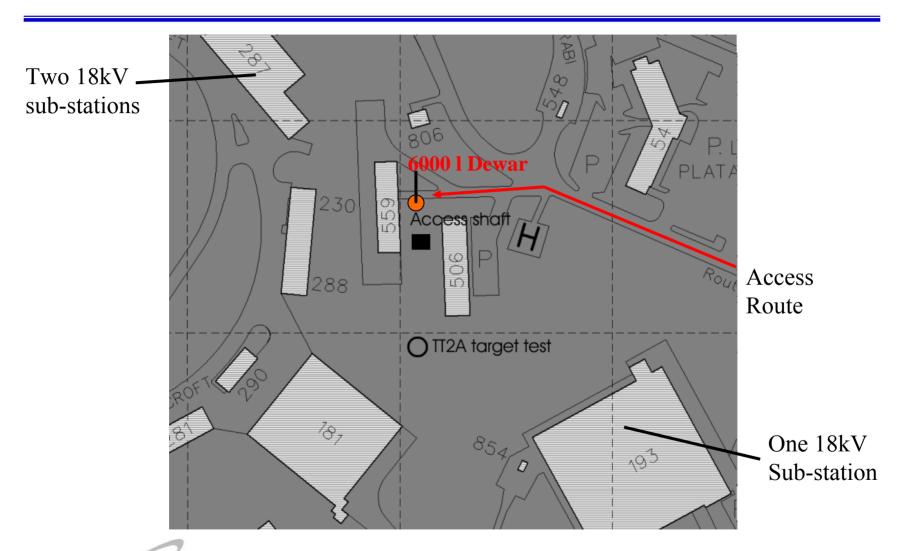


Cryogenic Flow Scheme





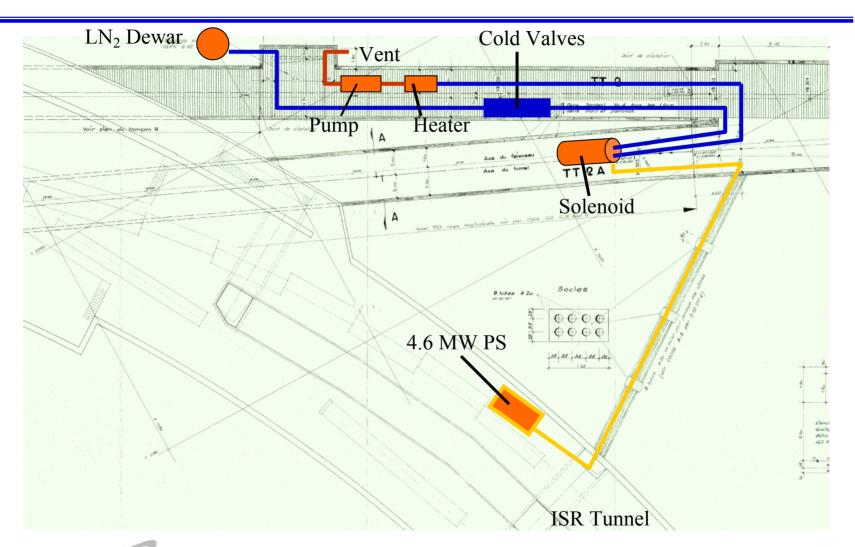
Surface above the ISR







Layout of the Experiment







Run plan for PS beam spills

Our Beam Profile request allows for:

- Varying beam charge intensity from 5 (7) TP to 20 (28) TP
- Studying influence of solenoid field strength on beam dispersal (B_o from 0 to 15T)
- Vary beam/jet overlap
- Study possible cavitation effects by varying PS spill structure—Pump/Probe

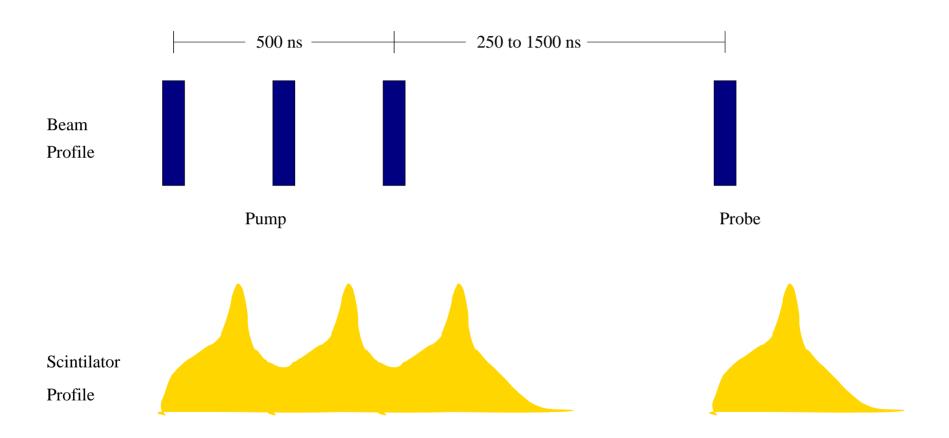
Charge	Bucket Structure	Во	Beam Shift	Number of Shots
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	5	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	10	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	+5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	+2.5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	-2.5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	-5mm	2
1 x 5TP	1	15	0	2
2 x 5TP	1-2	15	0	2
3 x 5TP	1-2-3	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-5	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-5	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-6	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-6	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-7	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-7	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-8	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-8	15	0	2



³⁸ Harold G. Kirk



PS Extracted Beam Profile





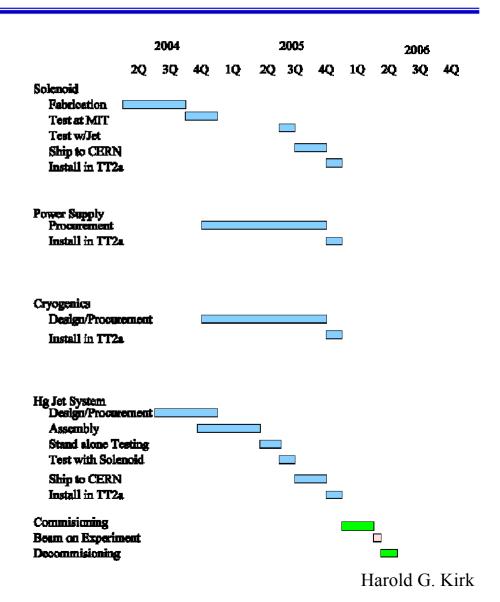


Experiment Schedule

Key to plan is the scheduled shutdown of PS/SPS operations for 2005. We have an excellent opportunity to install the experiment and commission the experiment before the April 2006 resumption of PS operations.

- •Installation 4th Q 2005
- •Commissioning 1st Q 2006
- •Beam on target April 2006
- •Equipment removal end of April, 2006
- •nTOF resumes May 2006.







Pulsed Solenoid Project Cost Profile

Project Management \$150 K

Magnet			Cryogenics System
Engineering	\$ 350 K	\$ 350 K	(Assume CERN supplied components)
Fabrication	\$ 410 K	\$ 410 K	Engineering \$ 90 K \$ 45 K
Testing	\$ 90 K		Procurements \$ 50 K
Shipping	\$ 15 K		Control System \$ 40 K
Installation	\$ 20 K		Installation \$110 K
Decommission	\$ 25 K		Decommission \$ 10 K
			Contingency \$ 40 K
Power Supply (CER	N Solution)	ı	
Engineering	\$ 70 K	\$ 20 K	Hg Jet System
Procurement	\$ 300 K		Engineering \$ 30 K
Installation	\$ 80 K		Procurements \$ 45 K
Decommission	\$ 20 K		Optical System \$ 35 K
Contingency	\$ 70 K		Decommission \$20 K
			Contingency \$ 20 K
Beam Diagnostics			
Beam Profile	\$ 40 K		Support Services
Beam Dump	\$ 25 K		Data Acquisition \$ 30 K



Scintillators

\$ 10 K



Cost Summary

System	Spent
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Costs to date

Magnet System \$ 910 K \$ 760 K

Power Supply \$ 540 K \$ 20 K

Cryogenics \$ 340 K \$ 45 K

Hg Jet System \$ 150 K

Beam Systems \$ 75 K

Support Services \$ 190 K

Total \$ 2205 K \$ 825 K Remaining Costs \$ 1380K

